

- 13.9–23.** A block of speech data has autocorrelation terms as in Eq. (13.5–14) given by  $R(0) = 1.0$ ,  $R(1) = 0.866$ ,  $R(2) = 0.554$ , and  $R(3) = 0.225$ . Find the predictor coefficients  $\{a_i, i = 1, 2, 3\}$ .
- 13.9–24.** Given the set of predictor coefficients  $a_1 = 1.295$ ,  $a_2 = -0.535$ ,  $a_3 = 0.171$ , and  $a_4 = -0.233$ , assume that  $R(0) = 1$ .
- Find the PARCOR coefficients  $\{p_i, i = 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ;
  - Calculate the mean squared prediction error for the first through fourth order systems;
  - Is the fourth order system (synthesizer) stable?
- 13.9–25.** The following PARCOR coefficients are computed from a frame of speech data:  $p_1 = -0.9454$ ,  $p_2 = 0.92386$ ,  $p_3 = -0.56198$ ,  $p_4 = -0.09454$ ,  $p_5 = 0.20218$ ,  $p_6 = 0.53595$ ,  $p_7 = -0.32922$ ,  $p_8 = -0.05899$ .
- Do these coefficients represent a stable system?
  - What is the mean squared prediction error for this 8th order system?
  - Find the corresponding predictor coefficients for a 4th order predictor.
- 13.9–26.** An LPC system has the predictor coefficients  $a_1 = 1.793$ ,  $a_2 = -1.401$ ,  $a_3 = 0.566$ , and  $a_4 = -0.147$ . Let the receiver gain  $G = 2$ , the pitch period length  $P = 60$ , and assume that the speech is voiced. For zero initial conditions at the beginning of the pitch period, synthesize the first 10 samples.