

Homework No. 2 Solutions

1. The necessary conditions for a minimum are obtained from

$$\frac{\partial D}{\partial y_j} = 0, \quad \text{for all } j, \quad \text{from which we find}$$

$$\frac{\partial D}{\partial y_j} = \frac{P_j}{\Delta_j} \int_{x_{j-1}}^{x_j} (-2)(x - y_j) dx = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad y_j = \frac{x_j + x_{j-1}}{2}$$

2.

$$P_U(u_1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{-1.758} e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.0392 = P_U(u_8)$$

$$P_U(u_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1.758}^{-1.172} e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.0818 = P_U(u_7)$$

$$P_U(u_3) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1.172}^{-0.586} e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.1556 = P_U(u_6)$$

$$P_U(u_4) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-0.586}^0 e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.2224 = P_U(u_5)$$

The entropy of this DMS is

$$H(U) = 2.757 \text{ bits/letter.}$$

3.

$$P_U(u_1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{-1.748} e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.0401 = P_U(u_8)$$

$$P_U(u_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1.748}^{-1.050} e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.1068 = P_U(u_7)$$

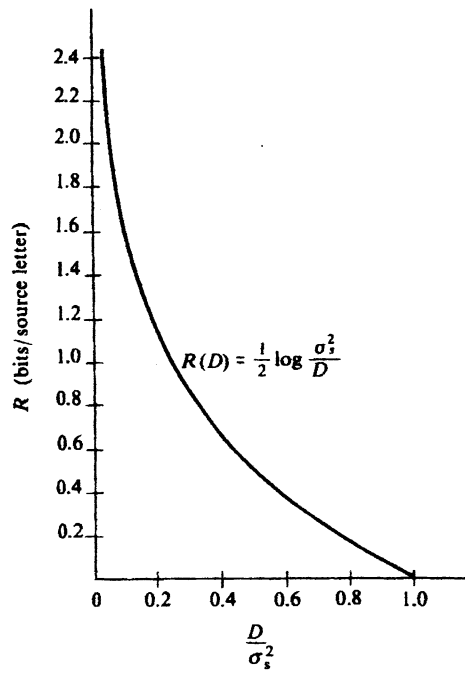
$$P_U(u_3) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-1.050}^{-0.5006} e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.1616 = P_U(u_6)$$

$$P_U(u_4) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-0.5006}^0 e^{-\gamma^2/2} d\gamma = 0.1915 = P_U(u_5)$$

The entropy is

$$H(U) = 2.824 \text{ bits/letter.}$$

4.



5.1 Problem 5.1

$$D = D_{gran} + D_{ol}$$

Uniform: $D_{gran} = \frac{\sigma^2}{3\beta^2 N^2}$ (5.4.4)

$$D_{ol} = \int_{-\infty}^{x_1} (x - y_1)^2 f_x(x) dx + \int_{x_{N-1}}^{\infty} (x - y_N)^2 f_x(x) dx$$

by symmetry ∞

$$= 2 \int_{x_{N-1}}^{\infty} (x - y_N)^2 f_x(x) dx$$

$$= 2 \int_V^{\infty} (x - (V + \frac{\Delta}{2}))^2 f_x(x) dx$$

$$\Delta = \frac{2\sigma}{N\beta} = \frac{2\sigma}{N} \frac{V}{\sigma} = \frac{2V}{N}$$

$$= 2 \int_V^{\infty} (x - V(1 + \frac{1}{N}))^2 f_x(x) dx$$

$$= 2 \int_V^{\infty} (x - \frac{\sigma}{\beta}(1 + \frac{1}{N}))^2 f_x(x) dx$$

with $f_x(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma^2}}$

$$= \frac{2}{V} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(x - \frac{\sigma}{\beta} \left(1 + \frac{1}{N}\right)\right)^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\sigma}} e^{-x\sqrt{2}/\sigma} dx$$

$$\text{Let } z = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sigma} \left(x - \frac{\sigma}{\beta} \left(1 + \frac{1}{N}\right)\right)$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{2}} z + \frac{\sigma}{\beta} \left(1 + \frac{1}{N}\right); dx = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{2}} dz$$

$$\text{so } D_{ol} = \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\beta N} + \frac{1}{\beta^2 N^2}\right) \sigma^2 e^{\sqrt{2}/\beta}$$

and

$$SNR = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{\sigma^2}{D_{grant} D_{ol}} \right)$$

as β varies.

$$\mu\text{-law } G(x) = V \frac{\ln(1 + \mu|x|/V)}{\ln(1 + \mu)} \quad \text{sgn } x$$

and from class V

$$D_{gran} = \frac{V^2}{3N^2} \int_{-V}^V \left(\frac{d}{dx} G(x) \right)^{-2} f_x(x) dx$$

D_{ol} as before.

Now $\frac{d}{dx} G(x) = \frac{1}{\ln(1+\mu)} \cdot \frac{\mu V}{V+\mu|x|}, |x| \leq V$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore D_{gran} &= \frac{1}{12N^2} \int_{-V}^V \frac{4 \ln^2(1+\mu) (V+\mu|x|)^2}{x^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\sqrt{2}|x|/\sigma} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3N^2 \sigma} \ln^2(1+\mu) \int_0^V \left(\frac{V}{\mu} + x\right)^2 e^{-\sqrt{2}x/\sigma} dx \\ &= \frac{\ln^2(1+\mu)}{3N^2} \cdot \frac{\sigma^2}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{2}V}{\mu\sigma} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sigma}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}V}{\mu\sigma} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sigma}\right)^2 e^{-\sqrt{2}x/\sigma} dx \end{aligned}$$

Making the Change of variables,

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{2}V}{\mu\sigma} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sigma}, \quad dy = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sigma} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} + 1\right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore D_{gran} &= \frac{\ln^2(1+\mu)}{3N^2} \cdot \frac{\sigma^2}{2} \int_{\frac{\sqrt{2}V}{\mu\sigma}}^{\frac{\sqrt{2}V}{\mu\sigma} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sigma}} y^2 e^{-y} dy \\ &= \frac{\ln^2(1+\mu)}{3N^2} \sigma^2 \left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\mu\beta} + \frac{1}{\mu^2\beta^2} - \left(\frac{1}{\beta^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\mu}\right)^2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\beta} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\mu}\right) + 1\right) e^{-\sqrt{2}/\beta} \right] \end{aligned}$$

