

Homework 3

Problem 3.1 Circular Convolution

a) Compute the convolution

$$c[n] = a * b[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a[k]b[n-k]$$

for the two signals

$$a = [\dots \ 0 \ \boxed{1} \ 2 \ -1 \ 1 \ 3 \ 4 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ \dots]$$

$$b = [\dots \ 0 \ \boxed{4} \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 3 \ 4 \ 1 \ -1 \ 0 \ \dots].$$

b) Compute the circular convolution

$$c[n] = a \circledast b[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a[k]b[n-k],$$

where

$$a[n] = a[n \bmod N], \text{ and } b[n] = b[n \bmod N],$$

of the two N -periodic signals

$$a = [\boxed{1} \ 2 \ -1 \ 1 \ 3 \ 4 \ 2 \ 1]$$

$$b = [\boxed{4} \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 3 \ 4 \ 1 \ -1].$$

Problem 3.2: Matrix Operators

The shift operator \mathcal{S}_1 has the following impulse response:

$$s_1 = [\dots \ 0 \ \boxed{0} \ 1 \ 0 \ \dots].$$

The corresponding matrix, when the operating on periodic signals of length $N = 4$ is:

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- For the 4-periodic signal $a = [\boxed{1} \ 2 \ -1 \ 1]^T$, verify that the circular convolution $c = s \circledast a$ and the matrix multiplication $c = Sa$ give the same result.
- Compute the matrices $S_2 = S_1 S_1$, $S_3 = S_2 S_1$, and $S_4 = S_3 S_1$. What operators do they correspond to?
- Compute the inverse of the matrix S_1^{-1} .
- Compute the impulse response of the inverse filter s_1^{-1} .
- Compute the matrix $\Lambda = F^{-1} S_2 F$, where the elements of the matrix F are $F[k, l] = \exp(-j2\pi kl/N)$.
- Compute the fft of the signal s_2 and compare to the result you obtained in e). How are the two related?